



**SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH CENTER
OF MEDICAL BIOPHYSICS
SOFIA, BULGARIA**

**SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH CENTER
OF MEDICAL BIOPHYSICS (SRCMB)**

Sofia, Bulgaria

Director of SRCMB

Prof. Dr. Ignat Ignatov DSc

with the collaboration of

**IAWG - Internationale Akademie
für Wissenschaftliche Geistheilung**

Zentrum für Geistiges Heilen



CERTIFICATE

**Bettina Jentsch
Herzberg, Germany**

**Research performed in 25 International Program “Informationability” of
Water” (2024)**

No. 811/ 22.11.2024

Scientific Research Center of Medical Biophysics, Sofia, Bulgaria

Zentrum für Geistiges Heilen, Germany

Anne Hubner and Tanja Aeckersberg

IAWG—Internationale Akademie für Wissenschaftliche Geistheilung, director

Prof.Dr. h. c. Christos Drossinakis and researcher Bettina Maria Haller.



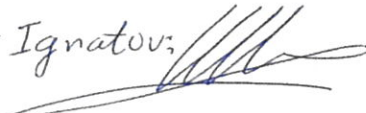
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name	beginning	1 month	2 months	3 months	4 months	5 months	6 months
Bettina Jentsch (Germany)	give mode (-7.4) DNA water (97.3 %)	give mode (-5.6) DNA water (86.1 %)	give mode (-4.4) DNA water (77.3 %)	give mode (-3.6) DNA water (74.2 %)	give mode (-2.3) DNA water (72.1 %)	give mode (-1.4) DNA water (70.9 %)	give mode (-0.5) DNA water (68.3 %)

The results in “give” and “take” modes show the changes in energy between water molecules. (The difference between “give” and “take” modes is the effective energy*. All quantities for “give” mode, “take” mode, and effective energy are multiplied by 0.001 eV or 1 mV.) The result in “give” mode is statistically reliable if it is less than or equal to (-1.1 meV). The result in “take” mode is statistically reliable if it is greater than or equal to (1.1 meV).

The research was conducted by Prof. Dr. Ignat Ignatov (Prof. Dr. Ignatov, Prof. Antonov DPhSc, Dipl. Eng. Galabova, 1998). Bio water refers to the research on anolyte water and the change in oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) measured in mV. The results demonstrate the accumulation of negative charge with antioxidant effects (Prof. Ignatov, 2017). The DNA water model is related to the structuring of water clusters through hydrogen bonds between hydrogen (H) and oxygen (O) molecules. This model illustrates the influence of water molecules in the human body on the structuring of electromagnetic hydrogen bonds. These bonds affect the hydrogen bonds between hydrogen (H) and nitrogen (N) or oxygen (O) in DNA. The results are statistically reliable if they exceed 70% (Prof. Ignatov, 2019).

The results of Bettina Jentsch are stables 6 months in time

Prof. Ignat Ignatov: 

Director of SRCMB:

Prof. Dr. Ignat Ignatov DSc

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